Analysis of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Protein Mutations with Logistic Regression

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ICMAT Datalab

About us...

• ICMAT - Severo Ochoa Excellence Award (3 times)

Campillo

- Datalab group (<u>https://www.datalab.icmat.es</u>) AXA-ICMAT Chair since 2014
- Framework projects since 2014

Ríos



Guevara

García

Rodríquez

• Collaboration with I2SysBio, CBM & CIB Margarita Salas (PTI Salud Global)

Naveiro



Which mutations (individually or by pairs) of the COVID-19 genome are associated to important aspects of the infection?

- Severity Hospitalization (possibly death)
- Vaccine failure **Breakthrough** (full vacc. + hosp.)



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Support *complex tasks*:

- → Locate problematic mutations (*prevention*)
- \rightarrow Extra information (*policy selection*)

(among others)

Data

- Data sources: FISABIO (8.534) + GM hospital (386)
- Covariates: sex, age, sample month and genomic sequences (AA)
 - Hospitalization study: vaccination status as covariate



Preprocessing

- Clean the dataset:
 - \circ Remove rows with >10% of missing values
 - \circ Patients with partial information samples
 - \circ Samples before 01/01/2021
 - Genome positions without mutations (at least >1 type of AA)
- Full preprocessing only for Spike protein
 - \rightarrow 331 Spike genome positions (out of 1.272)

 \rightarrow 5.928 cases (out of 8.920)

~ Laplace prior (*sparsity*)

logit[
$$P(Y = 1 | \mathbf{X})$$
] = $\beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^p X_i \beta_i + \sum_{i < j} X_{i:j} \beta_{i:j}$

~ Laplace prior (*sparsity*)

$$\operatorname{logit}[P(Y=1|\mathbf{X})] = \beta_0 + \sum_{i=1}^p X_i \beta_i + \sum_{i
$$\operatorname{argmin}_{\beta} \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{X}, \beta) + \lambda \sum_{i=1}^p \gamma_i ||\beta_i||_2$$$$

- Negative log-likelihood loss function
- *L1* reg. + *k*-fold CV regularization strength

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HPC

_10

Log λ

-7

• Logistic regression with Hierarchical Group Lasso regularization

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Strong hierarchy:

Overparametrization:

0.20

0.18

 $\beta_{i:j} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \beta_i \neq 0, \beta_j \neq 0$

For each position, the sum of its main effects is 0, as well as for its interaction coefficients

Hospitalization results





Hospitalization results

215D 678P 678I 215G 215Y







Breakthrough results





Breakthrough results



Conclusions

- Several novel interaction found, some of interest
- Effects of well-known mutations are enhanced or diminished by mutations in other positions
 - Example: **T478K** vs. **478T** in combination with **25P** (hosp.)
- Further analysis:
 - Remaining parts of the genome (ongoing)
 - Characterization of the effects of the preprocessing pipeline
 - Augment with other data sources (available)

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Thanks!

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